



Year 3
FRENCH - Autumn 1



Key Vocabulary

Bonjour !	Hello
Au revoir !	Good-bye
monsieur / madame/ Nounours / les enfants	(when speaking to a man / to a woman/ to Teddy / to children)
Un, deux, trois	One, two, three
La France	France
Paris	Paris
la Tour Eiffel	the Eiffel Tower
L'Arc de Triomphe	the Arch de Triomphe
Le Louvre	the Louvre Museum
la Tour Montparnasse	The Montparnasse Tower
Écoutez !	Listen!
Regardez !	Look!
Taisez-vous !	Be quiet
Croisez les bras !	Fold your arms!
Asseyez-vous !	Sit down!

Key Learning

Learn how to say key greetings
Know how to ask someone his or her name and be able to tell them your name
Understand and respond to some classroom instructions
Learn how to say the numbers 1, 2 and 3
Be able to ask how something is spelt.
Be able to locate France and Paris on a map
Find out about some of Paris landmarks and learn how to name them.

la France



Paris



la Tour Eiffel



L'Arc de Triomphe



Le Louvre



La Tour Montparnasse



Pronunciation silent final consonant	Pronunciation the phoneme [y] or /u/	Pronunciation the phoneme [ɛ] as in un.	Grammar nouns	Grammar capital letters
When a French word ends with a consonant, it is almost always silent, e.g. the 's' in Paris.	The phoneme [y] does not exist in standard English. It is the sound made by the alphabet letter 'u', and can be heard in the question <i>Comment tu t'appelles ?</i>	The phoneme [ɛ] is a nasal vowel. The letters 'un' here form a digraph, so the 'n' should not be sounded out.	Nouns are types of words that can name people, places or things. Paris and la France are names of places. The noun Nounours is the name of a teddy bear	<i>Paris</i> and <i>la France</i> are spelt with capital letters. Place names are given a capital letter. Nounours is spelt with a capital letter. Personal names have a capital letter.